VERONTE
AUTOPILOTS

Hardware User Manual

Table of Contents

1. OVERVIEW 4

2. AIRCRAFT MOUNTING 5

2.1.1. ENCLOSURE 5
2.1.2. MECHANICAL MOUNTING 5
2.1.3. Vibration Isolation 6
2.1.4. Location 6
2.1.5. Orientation 6
2.1.6. CONNECTOR LAYOUT 7
2.1.7. MATING CONNECTORS 7
2.1.8. ANTENNA INTEGRATION 7
2.1.9. PRESSURE LINES 8

3. ELECTRICAL 9

3.1.1. POWER 9
3.1.2. VERONTE I/O SIGNALS 10
3.1.3. VISION I/O SIGNALS 11
3.1.1. EXPANDER I/O SIGNALS 12
3.1.2. JOYSTICK 13
3.1.3. EXTERNAL RADIO 14
3.1.4. IP67 VERSION 14

4. PERFORMANCES 15

5. TROUBLESHOOTING 16

6. ANNEX 1: CONNECTOR COLOUR CODE 17

7. ANNEX 2: CONNEXION EXAMPLE – MULTICOPTER 18

8. ANNEX 3: CONNEXION EXAMPLE – FIXED WING 19

9. ANNEX 3: CONNEXION EXAMPLE – HELICOPTER 20

Figures and Tables

FIGURE 1: VERONTE FCS OVERVIEW 4
FIGURE 2: VERONTE AIR 5
FIGURE 3: VERONTE DIMENSIONS (MM) 5
FIGURE 4: VERONTE MOUNTING DIMENSIONS (MM) 5
FIGURE 5: ENGINE MOUNTS 6
FIGURE 6: VERONTE & AIRCRAFT AXIS 6
FIGURE 7: VERONTE CONNECTORS 7
FIGURE 8: 25-PIN MICRO D CONNECTOR FOR VERONTE AUTOPILOT I/O (4) (VERONTE CONNECTOR VIEW) 10
FIGURE 9: 25-PIN MICRO D FOR VERONTE VISION (7) (VERONTE CONNECTOR VIEW) 11
FIGURE 10: 25-PIN MICRO D FOR VERONTE VISION (7) (VERONTE CONNECTOR VIEW) 12
FIGURE 11: FUTABA TRAINER PORT 13
FIGURE 12: PPM SIGNAL 13
FIGURE 13: EXTERNAL RADIO CONNECTOR 14

TABLE 1: VERONTE CONNECTION PANEL 7
TABLE 2: MATING CONNECTOR TABLE 7
TABLE 3: ANTENNA INSTALLATION 8
TABLE 4: PRESSURE INTAKE CONNECT 8
TABLE 5: VERONTE POWER AND GROUND PINS 9
TABLE 6: VERONTE I/O INTERFACE (4) 10
TABLE 7: VISION I/O INTERFACE (7) 11

TABLE 8: EXPANDER I/O INTERFACE 12
TABLE 9: JOYSTICK CONNECT 13
TABLE 10: EXTERNAL RADIO CONNECT 14
TABLE 11: VERONTE PERFORMANCES 15

Acronyms

ADC	Analog to Digital Converter
AWG	American Wire Gauge
CAP	Capture Module
DC	Direct Current
DGPS	Differential GPS
DTS	Digital Transmission System
ECAP	Enhanced CAP
EGNOS	European Geostationary Navigation Overlay Service
EPWM	Enhanced PWM
FCS	Flight Control System
FHSS	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum
FTS	Flight Termination System
GIS	Geographical Information System
GND	Ground
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite Systems
GPS	Global Positioning System
GS	Ground Segment
ISM	Industrial Scientific and Medical
LADGPS	Local Area
LOS	Line of Sight
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
PWR	Power
RF	Radio Frequency
RS232	Recommended Standard 232
RX	Receiver
SMA	SubMiniature Version A Connector
TX	Transmitter
UAS	Unmanned Aerial System
UAV	Unmanned Aerial Vehicle

1. Overview

Veronte is the main element in our Flight Control System for UAS. As it can be seen in the diagram, Veronte hardware is used both in the ground segment (**G**round) and onboard the UAV (either **A**ir or **V**ision).

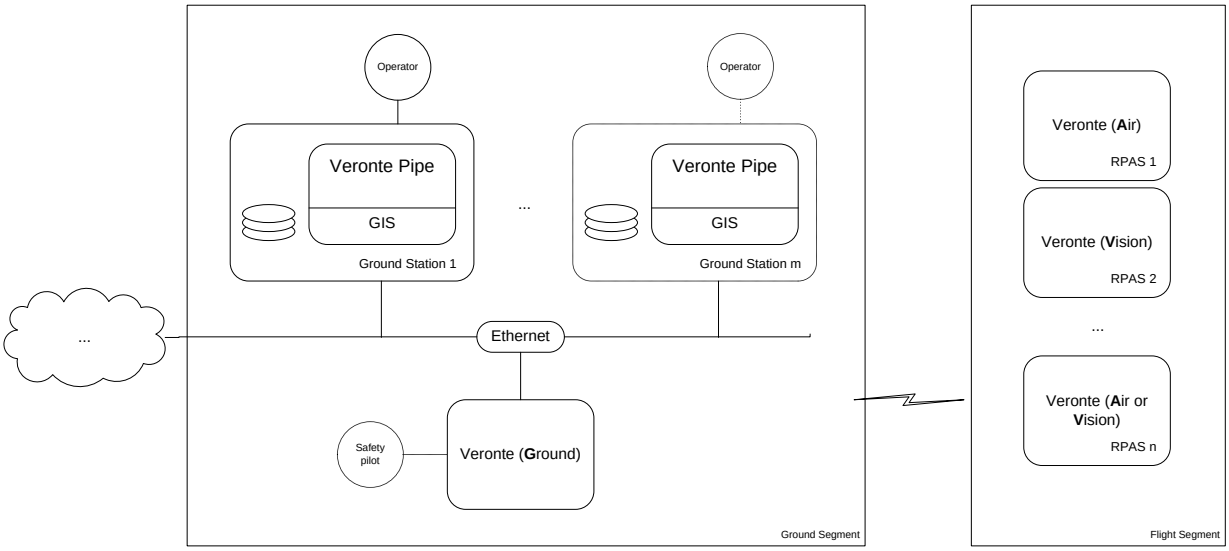


Figure 1: Veronte FCS Overview

Verontecontains all the electronics and sensors needed in order to properly execute all the functions needed to control the UAV. A Veronte-based FCS contains the following elements:

- Veronte (**A**ir): it executes in real time all the guidance, navigation and control algorithms for the carrying airframe, acting on the control surfaces and propulsion system and processing the signals from different sensors: accelerometers, gyroscopes, magnetometer, static pressure, dynamic pressure, GPS (EGNOS/Galileo compatible).
- Veronte (**V**ision): alternative to Veronte Air. Same functionalities as **A**ir plus video/vision capabilities.
- Veronte(**G**round): apart from linking to other flying Veronte units and supporting manual and arcade modes with conventional joysticks, it can also control a directional antenna in order to expand the maximum range. It communicates to Veronte Pipe (software for ground segment mission management).
- Veronte Pipe: software for mission management at the ground segment. It monitors flying vehicles in real time and can also reproduce past missions in an offline manner. It is also the graphical user interface where commands and flight plans are produced.

2. Aircraft Mounting

2.1.1. Enclosure

Veronte is provided using an anodized-aluminium enclosure with enhanced EMI shielding and IP protection. The total weight including a 900 MHz / 2.4GHz radio module is 190g.

Figure 2: Veronte Air

All Veronte versionsshare thesame enclosure.Theonly differenceisthe distributionof the connectors onthepanel.

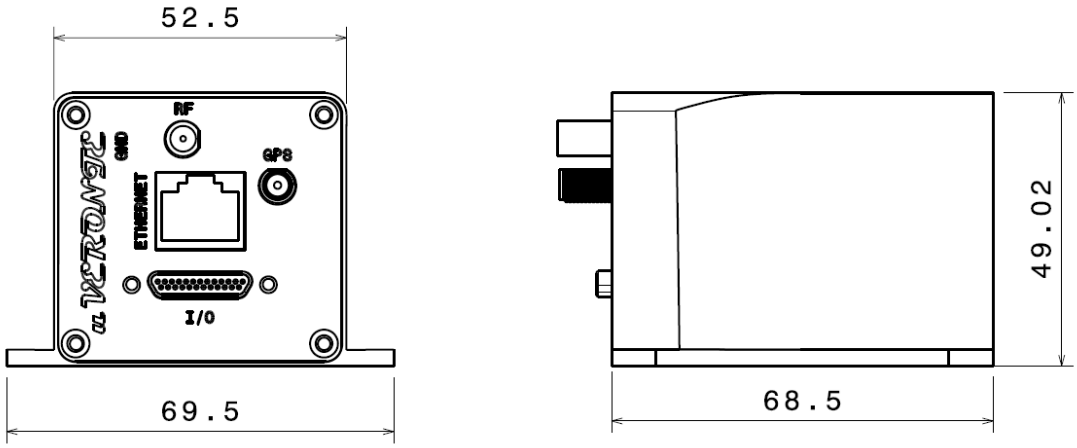
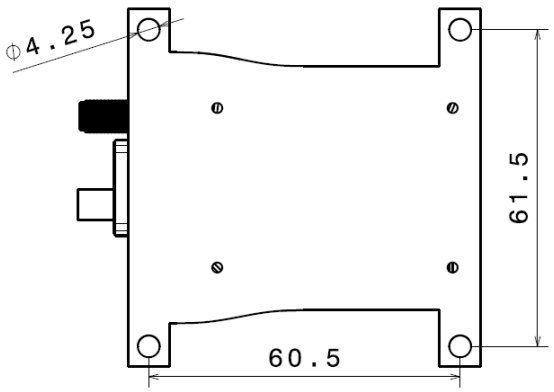


Figure 3: Veronte dimensions (mm)

2.1.2. Mechanical Mounting



M4 screws are recommended for mounting.

Figure 4: Veronte mounting dimensions (mm)

2.1.3. Vibration Isolation

Although Veronte ultimately rejects noise and high-frequency modes of vibration with electronic filters, an adequate vibration isolation design can improve the performances and extend the lifetime of Veronte.

Veronte can be mounted in different ways in order to reject the airframe vibration. The simplest could be achieved by just using a double-sided foam tape on the bottom side of Veronte. Other ways may use some external structure which could be rigidly attached to the airframe and softly attached to Veronte (e.g. foam, silent blocks, etc.)

The user should take into account that wiring should be loose enough so vibrations may not find another way to enter the aircraft system.

In cases where Veronte isolation is not viable, it is possible to use soft engine mounts. It is also recommended when there are other sensible payloads like video cameras or for high vibration engines.

Figure 5: Engine Mounts

2.1.4. Location

The location of Veronte has no restrictions. You only need to configureits relative position with respect to the centre of mass of the aircraft and the GPS antenna. The configuration of the location of Veronte can be easily configured usingVeronte Pipe Software.

2.1.5. Orientation

The orientation of Veronte has no restrictions either. You only need to configure Veronte axes with respect to the aircraft body axes by means of a rotation matrix or a set of correspondences between axes. The configuration of the location of Veronte can be easily configured using Veronte Pipe Software.

Veronte axes are printed on the box and aircraft coordinates are defined by the standard aeronautical conventions.

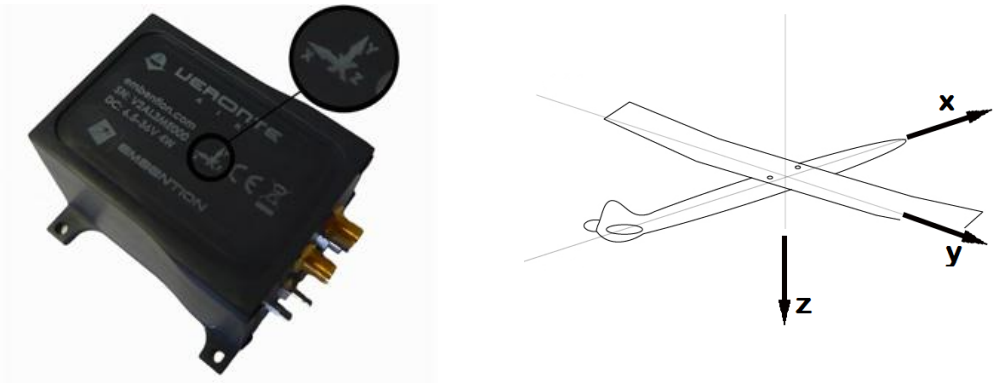


Figure 6: Veronte & Aircraft Axis

2.1.6. Connector Layout

Figure 7: Veronte Connectors

Index	Connector
1	RF antenna (SMA Jack Female)
2	GPS antenna (SMA Jack Female)
3	Ethernet (RJ-45)
4	Veronte power and I/O (Micro-D)
5	Static pressure port (Fitting 5/64in)
6	Dynamic pressure port (Fitting 5/64in)
7	Expansion board (Micro-D)
8	Composite Video (SMA Jack Female)
9	WIFI(SMA Jack Female)

Table 1: Veronte connection panel

For both pressure ports, mating with clamped 2mm internal diameter flexible tubing is recommended.

2.1.7. Mating Connectors

Index	Connector	Mating Connector
1a/1b	RF antenna (SMA Jack Female)	SMA Plug female, low-loss cable is recommended (e.g. RG-174, RG-316) Antenna 900 MHz Whip, 1/2 wave Omni directional 2 dBi
2	GPS antenna (SMA Jack Female)	SMA Plug female, low loss cable is recommended (e.g. RG-174, RG-316) Active Antenna GPS: Gain min 15dB (to compensate signal loss in RF Cable) max 50dB, maximum noise figure 1.5dB, power supply 3.3V max current 20 mA
3	Ethernet (RJ-45)	RJ-45 Plug Shield, Cat 5e
4a/4b	Power and I/O (Micro-D)	Receptacle 25-pin Micro-D connector • Molex: 83424-9019(18in, 28AWG) Commercial Version • Norcomp: CCA-025-I18R152 (18in, 28AWG) Commercial Version • ITT Cannon: MDM-25SH003L (18in, 26AWG) High performance version

Table 2: Mating Connector Table

2.1.8. Antenna Integration

The system usesthree antennas to operate that must be installed on the airframe, one for radio communications and another for GPS positioning. Here you can find some advices for obtaining the best performance and for avoiding antenna interferences.

Antenna Installation
• Maximize separation between antennas as much as possible. • Keep it far away from alternators or other interference generators. • Always isolate antenna ground panel from the aircraft structure. • Make that the antenna is securely mounted. • Always use high quality RF wires minimising the wire length. • Always follow the antenna manufacturer manual.
GPS Antenna
• Antenna top side must point the sky. • Install it on a top surface with direct sky view. • Never place metallic / carbon parts or wires above the antenna. • It is recommended to install it on a small ground plane.
Communication / video Antenna
• It is recommended to use Omni directional antennas. • It should be installed vertically on the aircraft. • It is recommended to install it on a ground plane following manufacturer indications. • Place it in order to maximise the LOS with the control station. • Avoid any element that could block antenna communications.

Table 3: Antenna Installation

2.1.9. Pressure Lines

Veronte has two pressure input lines, one for static pressure to determine the absolute pressure and one for pitot in order to determine the dynamic pressure.
Absolute pressure connection on the aircraft is mandatory while pitot port can be obviated in some aircrafts, pitot port absence must be configured on Veronte Pipe software.

Pressure Intake
• Pressure intakes must be located in order to prevent clogging. • Never install pressure intakes on the propeller flow. • Design pressure tubing path in order to avoid tube constriction.
Static Pressure
• It is not recommended to use inside fuselage pressure if it is not properly vented.
Pitot Tube
• Pitot tube must be installed facing the airflow in the direction of the “x” axis of the aircraft. • It is recommended to install it near the aircraft axis in order to avoid false measures during manoeuvres. • For low speed aircrafts it is recommended at least 6,3mm tubes for preventing rain obstruction.

Table 4: Pressure Intake Connect

It is recommended to use Embention dual Pitot tube, including both, static and pitot intakes.

⚠ **Caution!!**Pitot pressure ranges are configurable on Veronte Hardware when placing an order, please review that selected sensor fits with aircraft speed.

3. Electrical

3.1.1. Power

Veronte can use unregulated DC**(6.5V to 36V)** for a total power consumption of;4W including radio module and 10W including both, radio and Vision. Pins used for power and ground are the same for both **G**round and **A**ir/**V**ision configurations.

Signal	4a Pin	Battery Pole
VIN	14	Positive (+)
GND1	15	Negative (-)

Table 5: Veronte Power and Ground Pins

LiPo batteries between 2S and 8S can be used without regulation needs. Remaining batterycan be controlled by the internal voltage sensor and by configuring the voltage warnings on the PC application.
For higher voltage installations, voltage regulators must be used. For dimensioning voltage regulators take into account that a blocked servo can activate regulator thermal protection and carry to a power cut. It is recommended to use Embention high performance UAV regulators.

⚠ **Caution!!**Power Veronte out of the given range can cause irreversible damage to the system. Please read carefully the manual before powering the system.

Veronte and servos can be powered by the same or different batteries, in case there is more than one battery on the system it is needed to ensurea **singleunion of differentground.** The ground signal should be isolated from other system ground references (e.g. engines).

It is recommendable to use independent switches for autopilot and motor / actuators. During the system initialization, PWM signal will be fixed to low level (0V), please make sure that actuators / motor connected support this behaviour before installing a single switch for the whole system.

3.1.2. Veronte I/O Signals

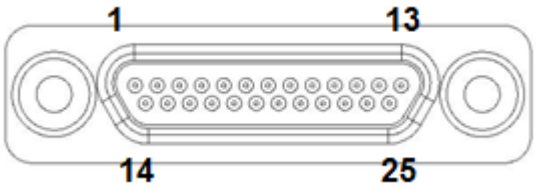


Figure 8: 25-pin Micro D connector for Veronte Autopilot I/O(4) (Veronte connector view)

Signal	Input	Output	Pin	Comments
VIN	Positive (+)	-	14	6.5 to 36V
GND1	Negative (-)	-	15	
PWM/GPIO 1	-	5V (12mA)	1	Veronte offers the option to directly drive up to 12 servos/ESCs with PWM outputs. PWM rate goes from 50Hz up to 400Hz. PWM rate is linked in pairs as follows: • 1 & 7 • 2 & 8 • 3 & 9 • 4 & 10 • 5 & 11 • 6 & 12 Note: PWM11 can be used as FTS independent logic output on demand.
PWM/GPIO 2	-	5V (12mA)	2	
PWM/GPIO 3	-	5V (12mA)	3	
PWM/GPIO 4	-	5V (12mA)	4	
PWM/GPIO 5	-	5V (12mA)	5	
PWM/GPIO 6	-	5V (12mA)	6	
PWM/GPIO 7	-	5V (12mA)	7	
PWM/GPIO 8	-	5V (12mA)	8	
PWM/GPIO 9	-	5V (12mA)	20	
PWM/GPIO 10	-	5V (12mA)	21	
PWM11 (FTS)	-	3.3V (12mA)	16	
GND2	-	-	9	GND for PWM1…11
PWM/GPIO 12 (DIGIN2)	4V to 9V (on demand)	5V (12mA)	23	Note: PWM12 can be used as a digital input on demand (hardware option).
GND3	-	-	24	GND for PWM12 (GND DIGIN2)
RS232TX	-	±5V (35mA)	10	It supports baud rates up to 115200bps.
RS232RX	±25V	-	11	
GND4	-	-	13	GND for RS232
DIGIN1	4V to 9V	-	12	CMOS/TTL with interrupt capability.
GND5	-	-	17	GND for DIGIN1
ADCIN1	0V to 36V	-	25	User-defined analog signal
GND6	-	-	18	GND for ADCIN1
CANHI	-7V to 12V	-7V to 12V (50mA)	22	CANbus interface. It supports data rates up to 1 Mbps. Recommended cable is a twisted pair with a 120Ω Zo.
CANLO	-7V to 12V	-7V to 12V (50mA)	19	

Table6: Veronte I/O interface (4)

3.1.3. Vision I/O Signals

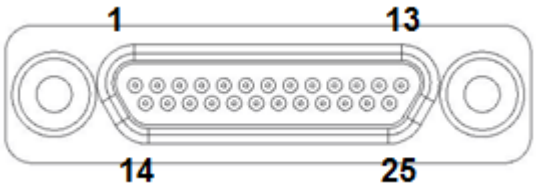


Figure 9: 25-pin Micro D for Veronte Vision (7) (Veronte connector view)

Different connections can be used depending on your camera configuration.

Signal	Input	Output	Pin	Comments
VCC			1	POWER
GND			2	POWER
RS_232_OUT		X	3	COMMUNICATION BUS
RS_232_IN	X		4	COMMUNICATION BUS
RS_232_GND			5	GND FOR RS-232
CSI2C_DY0/D7_3.3V	X	X	6	CSI2C_CLK+_OUTPUT/D7 BT-656 INPUT
CSI2C_DX0/D6_3.3V	X	X	7	CSI2C_CLK-_OUTPUT/D6 BT-656 INPUT
CSI2A_DY2/D1_3.3V	X		8	CSI2A_DATA1+_INPUT/D1 BT-656 INPUT
CSI2A_DX2/D0_3.3V	X		9	CSI2A_DATA1-_INPUT/D0 BT-656 INPUT
GND			10	POWER
CSI2C_DY1/RX232_EXTRA	X		11	CSI2C_DATA0+_INPUT/RS-232 INPUT
CSI2C_DX1/TXC232_EXTRA	X	X	12	CSI2C_DATA0-_INPUT/RS-232 OUTPUT
GND			13	POWER
D5/CSI2A_DX1	X		14	CSI2A_DATA0-_INPUT/D5 BT-656 INPUT
D4/CSI2A_DY1	X		15	CSI2A_DATA0+_INPUT/D4 BT-656 INPUT
D3/CSI2A_DX0	X	X	16	CSI2A_CLK-_OUTPUT/D3 BT-656 INPUT
D2/CSI2A_DY0	X	X	17	CSI2A_CLK+_OUTPUT/D2 BT-656 INPUT
GND			18	POWER
PCLK\LVDS_A	X		19	CLK BT-656 INPUT/LVDS_A INPUT
CAM_RESET/LVDS_B	X	X	20	CAM RESET OUTPUT/LVDS_B INPUT
CAM_SCCB		X	21	I2C SIGNAL
CAM_VBUS/SHUTTER (USB)		X	22	USB POWER/SHUTTER OUTPUT
CAM_ID/SCL (USB)	X	X	23	USB ID/I2C CLK
CAM_DP/SDA (USB)	X	X	24	USB DATA_P/I2C DATA
CAM_DM/SCCB (USB)	X	X	25	USB DATA_M/I2C SIGNAL

Table7: Vision I/O interface (7)

⚠ **Caution!!**Veronte Vision has an independent power input. It is required when the Veronte power source is under 10 V.

3.1.1. Expander I/O Signals

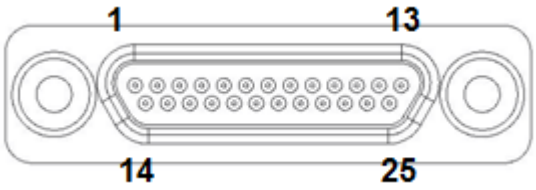


Figure 10: 25-pin Micro D for Veronte Expander (7) (Veronte connector view)

Different connections can be used depending on theselected hardware configuration.

Signal	Input	Output	Pin	Comments
GND			1	
RS-232_A_TX		X	2	
RS-232_A_RX	X		3	
GND			4	
GND			5	
PWM5/ECAP3	X	X	6	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
PWM6/ECAP4	X	X	7	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
PWM7		X	8	
PWM8		X	9	
GND			10	
ANALOGIC_UNIPOLAR_1/ANALOGIC_DIF_1+	X		11	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
ANALOGIC_UNIPOLAR_2/ANALOGIC_DIF_1-	X		12	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
ANALOGIC_UNIPOLAR_3/ANALOGIC_DIF_2+	X		13	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
RS-232_B_TX		X	14	
RS-232_B_RX	X		15	
GND			16	
OPTIONAL POWER INPUT	X		17	Only for configurations with 2 or more expansion modules
PWM1/ECAP6/ARINC_TX_A_OUT	X	X	18	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
PWM2/ECAP5/ARINC_TX_B_OUT	X	X	19	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
PWM3/ECAP1/ARINC_RX_B_OUT	X	X	20	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
PWM4/ECAP2/ARINC_RX_A_OUT	X	X	21	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
GND			22	
ANALOGIC_UNIPOLAR_4/ANALOGIC_DIF_2-	X		23	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
ANALOGIC_UNIPOLAR_5/ANALOGIC_DIF_3+	X		24	Hardware option, not selectable on SW
ANALOGIC_UNIPOLAR_6/ANALOGIC_DIF_3-	X		25	Hardware option, not selectable on SW

Table 8: ExpanderI/O interface

⚠ **Caution!!**Veronte Expander has an independent power input. It is required only for configurations with more than one expansion module.

3.1.2. Joystick

To connect the joystick to the system, use the DIGIN1port on Veronte Ground connected to the radio trainer port.

Veronte is compatible with standard PPM signals, Futaba radios between 8 and 12 channels are recommended.

Pin	Designation	Connector
SHIELD	GROUND	
1	$V_{ENCODER}$	
2	PPM_{OUT}	
3	PPM_{IN}	
4	V_{ENC2}	
5	$V_{BATTERY}$	
6	UNKNOWN	

Pin	Designation	Connector
1	NC	
2	GROUND	
3	PPM_{OUT}	
4	$V_{BATTERY}$	
5	$V_{ENCODER}$	
6	PPM_{IN}	

Figure 11: Futaba Trainer Port

Signal	Veronte	Radio	Comments
PPM	DIGIN1	PPM_{OUT}	
GND	GND5	Ground	

Table 9: Joystick Connect

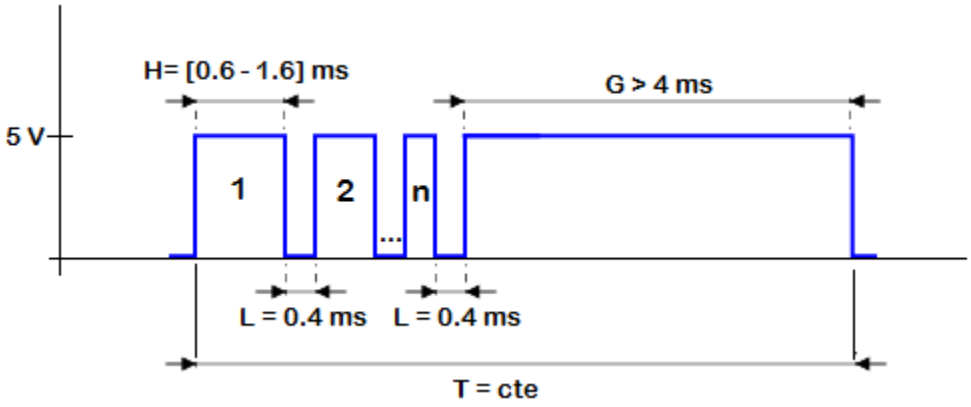
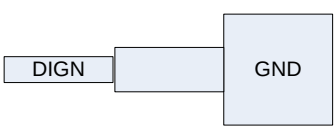


Figure 12: PPM Signal

As default, channel 8 is reserved for manual / auto switch. High level is used for automatic flight and low level for manual control. This channel can be configured on Veronte Pipe.

⚠ **Caution!!**PPM signal must be into the PPM ranges given with voltage above 4V. Some joysticks may need an adaptationboard, please ask our team to check compatibility.

Micro D connector for CS is provided with 3.5mm stereo plug connector as follows:



3.1.3. External Radio

Veronte is also offered with a RS-232 connector to be used with an external radio.

Figure 13: External Radio Connector

The mating radio connector for this configuration is: Phoenix Contact - 1681172

Signal	Input	Output	Pin	Comments
RS232 Veronte TX	-	±5V (35mA)	1	
RS232 Veronte RX	±25V	-	3	
RS232 Veronte GND	-	-	4	

Table 10: External Radio Connect

3.1.4. IP67 Version

IP67 autopilot is supplied with no 25 pin micro D connector in order to ensure highest environment protection. It is supplied with individual wire leads as follow.

PIN	Colour
1	Black
2	Broun
3	Red
4	Orange
5	Yellow
6	Green
7	Blue
8	Violet
9	Grey
10	White
11	Pink
12	Light green
13	Black / White

PIN	Colour
14	Broun / White
15	Red / White
16	Orange / White
17	Green / White
18	Blue / White
19	Violet / White
20	Red / Black
21	Orange / Black
22	Yellow / Black
23	Green / Black
24	Grey / Black0
25	Pink / Black

4. Performances

Variable	Value
Weight (900MHz /2.4GHz radio included)	190g
Power Input	6.5V to 36V (4W) (10W with expansion board)
Minimum Temperature	-40ºC
Maximum Temperature	+55ºC[1]
Max. Internal Temperature	+85ºC
Minimum Pressure	15kPa
Maximum Pressure	115kPa
Maximum Dynamic Pressure	10kPa [2]
Protection Rating	IP54[3]
Acceleration Limits (3 axes)	±6g[4]
Angular Velocity Limits (3 axes)	±300deg/s[5]
Magnetic Field Limits (3 axes)	±6Gauss
GPS	12 channels, DGPS EGNOS, LADGPS
Datalink	902-928MHz FHSS DTS / Range 96km / 115kbps 2.4 to 2.483 GHz ISM Band / Range 32km / 115kbps X-868 MHz ISM / Range 40km / 4 Kbps X-902 to 928 MHz / Range 45km / 10 kbps

Table11: Veronte performances

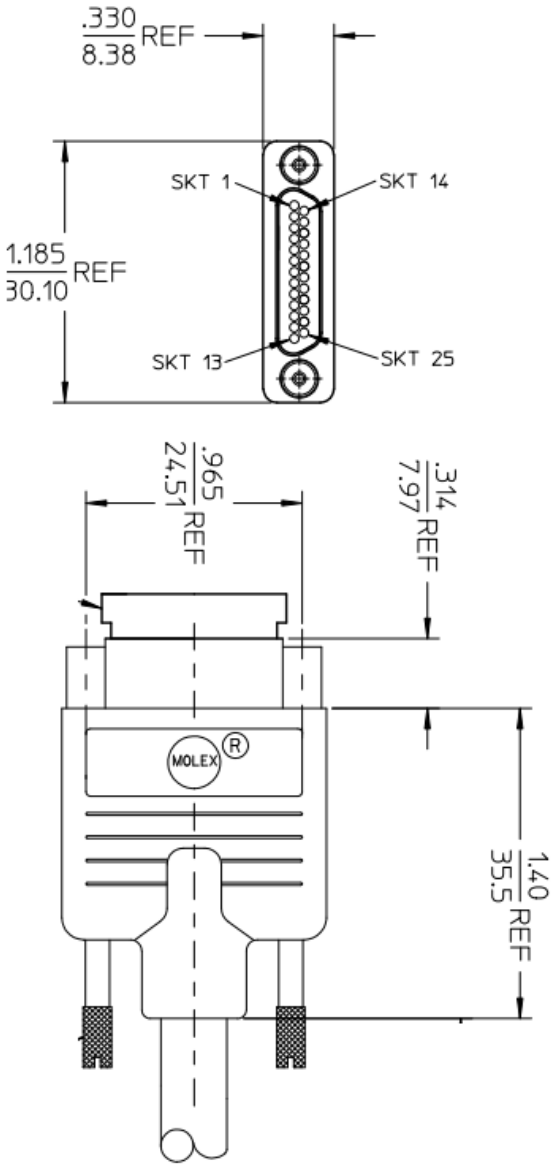
[1] No convection, ask for increased limits (up to 71ºC)
[2] Ask for increased limits (up to 50kPa)
[3] Ask for increased limits (up to IP67)
[4]Limit for sustained maneuvers. Transitional higher accelerations are possible (e.g. catapult launch). Ask for increased limits.
[5]Limit for sustained maneuvers. Transitional higher angular velocities are possible. Ask for increased limits.

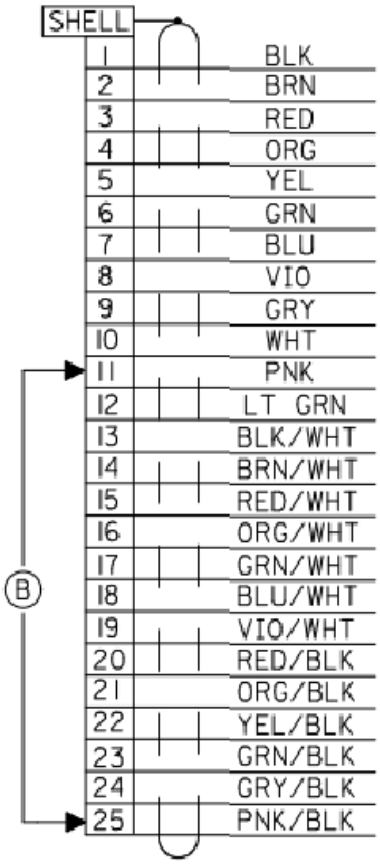
5. Troubleshooting

- I´m having problems with the GPS signal
    - Reduce noise level on the GND connection on the autopilot by connecting the autopilot GND directly to the battery GND, avoiding intermediate connections and solders.

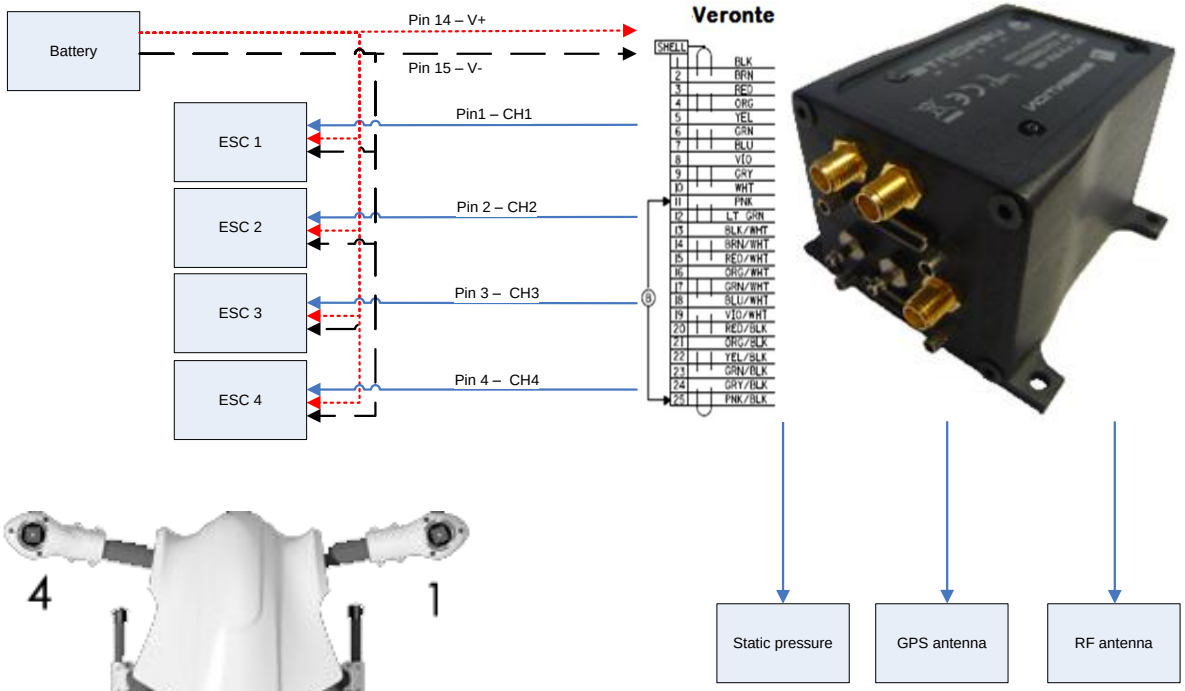
6. Annex 1: Connector Colour Code

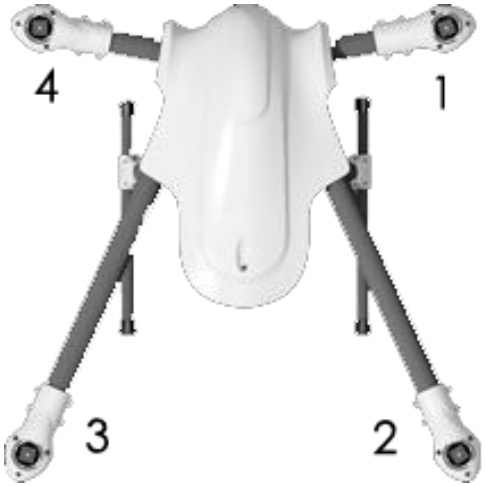
Micro-D connector Molex 83424-9019



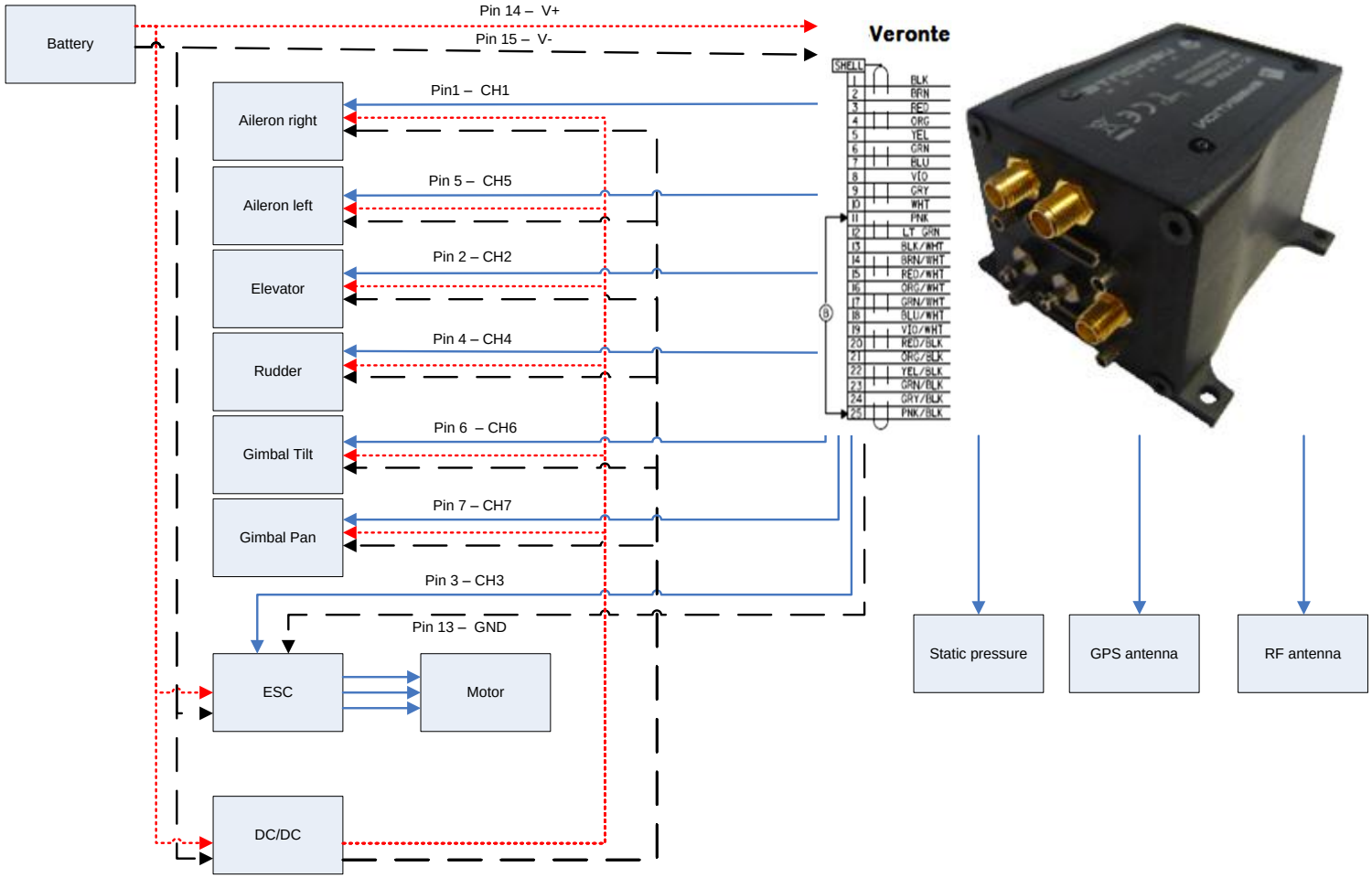


7. Annex 2: Connexion example – Multicopter





8. Annex 3: Connexion example – Fixed wing



9. Annex 3: Connexion example – Helicopter